THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

BEFORE

THE OFFICE OF EMPLOYEE APPEALS

In the Matter of: DONNA PIXLEY, Employee

v. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
Agency

OEA Matter No.: J-0015-15

Date of Issuance: December 10, 2014

Sommer J. Murphy, Esq.
Administrative Judge

Steven White, Employee Representative
W. Iris Barber., Agency Representative

INITIAL DECISION

INTRODUCTION AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On November 13, 2014, Donna Pixley filed a Petition for Appeal with the Office of Employee Appeals (“OEA”) contesting the District of Columbia Schools’ (“DCPS” or “Agency”) action of terminating her employment. Employee was removed based on a charge of “Other conduct during and outside of duty hours that would affect adversely the employee’s or the agency’s ability to perform effectively.” Specifically, Employee was alleged to have engaged in a verbal and physical altercation with another DCPS employee on November 2, 2012. Employee’s termination was effective on September 5, 2014.

I was assigned this matter in November of 2014. On November 21, 2014, I issued an Order directing Employee to submit a written brief addressing whether this appeal should be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. Employee was required to submit a response on or before December 5, 2014. Employee did not submit a response. The record is now closed.

JURISDICTION

As will be explained below, jurisdiction in this matter has not been established.
ISSUE

Whether OEA has jurisdiction over Employee’s appeal.

FINDINGS OF FACTS, ANALYSIS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Effective October 21, 1998, the Omnibus Personnel Reform Amendment Act of 1998 (OPRAA), D.C. Law 12-124, amended certain sections of the CMPA. Amended D.C. Code §1-606.3(a) states:

“An employee may appeal a final agency decision affecting a performance rating which results in removal of the employee…an adverse action for cause that results in removal, reduction in grade, or suspension for 10 days or more…and a reduction in force…”

Thus, §101(d) restricted this Office’s jurisdiction to employee appeals from the following personnel actions only: a performance rating that results in removal; a final agency decision affecting an adverse action for cause that results in removal, a reduction in grade, a suspension of 10 days or more, or a reduction in force. OEA Rule 628.1, 59 DCR 2129 (March 16, 2012) provides that the burden of proof with regard to material issues of fact shall be by a preponderance of the evidence. Preponderance of the evidence shall mean “that degree of relevant evidence which a reasonable mind, considering the record as a whole, would accept as sufficient to find a contested fact more probably true than untrue.” OEA Rule 628.2 further states that the employee shall have the burden of proof as to issues of jurisdiction, including timeliness of filing. The agency shall have the burden of proof as to all other issues.¹

Pursuant to OEA Rule 604.2, an appeal filed with this Office must be filed within thirty (30) calendar days of the effective date of the appealed action. Employee was terminated effective September 5, 2014, but did not file a Petition for Appeal with this Office until November 13, 2014, more than thirty days after the effective date of her termination. Moreover, Agency’s Notice Termination Letter states that Employee had the option of filing an appeal with OEA within thirty calendar days of the effective date of her termination or filing a grievance with her union. Employee’s failure to file a timely appeal with this Office precludes the Undersigned from addressing her substantive arguments.

Based on the foregoing, I find that Employee has failed to meet her burden of proof on the issue of jurisdiction. For this reason, his Petition for Appeal must be dismissed.

¹ Id.
ORDER

It is hereby ORDERED that Employee’s Petition for Appeal is DISMISSED for lack of jurisdiction.

FOR THE OFFICE:

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SOMMER J. MURPHY, ESQ.
ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE